Articles of Association

of

**Oxford University Student Union** 

Company Number: 07314850

Charity Number: 1140687

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#### Background

- (A) This is the governing document of Oxford University Student Union (known as the "Union" in this document).
- (B) The Union is a charity (as defined in the Charities Act 2011) and also a students' union (as defined in the Education Act 1994).
- (C) These Articles have been structured to put the Student Members at the democratic heart of decision-making and the setting of Policy; while affording a reasonable margin of discretion to the Trustees to discharge their duties under charity law – to ensure that the SU is run prudently and effectively.
- (D) The Union will seek at all times to ensure that the diversity of its Student Membership is recognised, and that equal access is available to all Students of whatever origin or orientation. It will pursue its aims and objectives independently of any political party or religious group; and will pursue equal opportunities by taking positive action within the law to facilitate participation of groups discriminated against by society.
- (E) Under the Education Act 1994, University of Oxford has a statutory duty to ensure that the Union operates in a fair and democratic manner and is held to proper account for its finances. The Union therefore works alongside University of Oxford in ensuring that the affairs of the Union are properly conducted and that the educational and welfare needs of the Students are met.

# Articles of Association of Oxford University Student Union

# PART I – CHARITABLE STATUS AND CAPACITY

# **OBJECTS AND POWERS**

## 1. Objects

The objects of the Union are the education of Students at University of Oxford for the public benefit by:

- 1.1 promoting the interests and welfare of those Students during their course of study, and representing, supporting and advising Students;
- 1.2 being the recognised representative channel between Students, the University and any other external bodies; and
- 1.3 providing social, cultural, sporting and recreational activities and forums for discussions and debate for the personal development of its Students.
- 1.4 furthering all purposes which are charitable in law, and which are incidental or conducive to the main objects.

#### 2. Powers

The Union has power to do anything which helps to promote its objects. For the avoidance of doubt (and without limitation) it may:

# Services and student activities

- 2.1 provide services and facilities for Students;
- 2.2 establish, support, promote and operate a network of student activities for Students;
- 2.3 support any RAG or similar fundraising activities carried out by Students for charitable causes, (including the provision of administrative support, banking facilities and acting as a holding trustee of any funds raised);

# Manage its finances

- 2.4 raise funds;
- 2.5 borrow money (including, without limitation, for the purposes of investment or raising funds);
- 2.6 accept or disclaim gifts (of money and/or other property);
- 2.7 lend money and give credit to any person or company, take security for such loans or credit, and guarantee or give security for the performance of contracts by any person or company;
- 2.8 invest money not immediately required for its objects in or upon any investments, securities, or property;

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- 2.9 set aside funds for particular reasons, or as reserves;
- 2.10 open and operate bank accounts and other facilities for banking and draw, accept, endorse, issue or execute promissory notes, bills of exchange, cheques and other instruments;
- 2.11 give guarantees or other security for the repayment of money borrowed, for a grant, or for the discharge of an obligation (but only in accordance with the restrictions in the Charities Act 2011); and

# 2.12 *Manage its property affairs*

- 2.13 dispose of, or deal with, all or any of its property (but only in accordance with the restrictions in the Charities Act 2011);
- 2.14 acquire or rent property of any kind and any rights or privileges in and over property and construct, maintain, alter and equip any buildings or facilities;
- 2.15 arrange for investments or other property of the Union to be held in the name of a nominee or nominees (and pay any reasonable fee for this);
- 2.16 [impose (revocable or irrevocable) restrictions on the use of any property of the Union, including (without limitation) by creating permanent endowment;
- 2.17 incorporate and acquire subsidiary companies; and
- 2.18 insure the property of the Union against any foreseeable risk and take out other insurance policies as are considered necessary by the Trustees to protect the Union;

# Work with other organisations

- 2.19 establish and support (or aid in the establishment and support of) any other organisations, execute charitable trusts and subscribe, lend or guarantee money or property for charitable purposes;
- 2.20 become a member, associate or affiliate of or act as trustee or appoint trustees of any other organisation (including without limit any charitable trust, including a charitable trust of permanent endowment property held for any of the charitable purposes included in the Union's objects);
- 2.21 co-operate with charities, voluntary bodies, statutory authorities and other bodies and exchange information and advice with them; and
- 2.22 amalgamate or merge with or acquire or undertake all or any of the property, liabilities and engagements of any body;

#### Manage its day-to-day operations

- 2.23 subject to Article 3 (Limitation on private benefit):
- 2.23.1 engage and remunerate staff and advisers;
- 2.23.2 make reasonable provision for the payment of pensions and other benefits to or on behalf of employees and their spouses and dependents; and

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- 2.23.3 enter into compromise and settlement arrangements with them;
- 2.24 alone or with other organisations, seek to influence public opinion and make representations to and seek to influence governmental and other bodies and institutions regarding the reform, development and implementation of appropriate policies, legislation and regulations provided that all such activities shall be confined to those which an English and Welsh charity may properly undertake; and
- 2.25 provide indemnity insurance for:
- 2.25.1 the Trustees, in accordance with, and subject to the conditions in, section 189 of the Charities Act 2011; and
- 2.25.2 officers who are not Trustees, subject to such conditions as the Trustees shall determine.

# LIMITATION ON PRIVATE BENEFIT

### 3. Limitation on private benefit

3.1 The income and property of the Union shall be applied solely towards the promotion of its objects.

# 3.2 **Permitted benefits to Company Law Members, Trustees and Connected persons**

No part of the income and property of the Union may be paid or transferred directly or indirectly by way of dividend, bonus or otherwise by way of profit to any Company Law Member, and no Trustee may:

- 3.2.1 sell goods, services or any interest in land to the Union;
- 3.2.2 be employed by, or receive any remuneration from, the Union; or
- 3.2.3 receive any other financial benefit from the Union

unless the payment is permitted by Articles 3.3 or 3.4 or authorised by the court or the Charity Commission (or in relation to which the Charity Commission has confirmed that its consent is not required).

3.3 The following benefits are permitted:

3.3.1	a Trustee or a person who is Connected with a Trustee may receive a benefit from the Union in their capacity <b>as a beneficiary</b> of the Union;
3.3.2	a Trustee or a person who is Connected with a Trustee may be reimbursed by the Union for, or may pay out of the Union's property, <b>reasonable expenses</b> properly incurred by them when acting on behalf of the Union;

	3.3.3	a Sabbatical Officer Trustee, Student Trustee or a person who is Connected with a Trustee may be paid reasonable and proper remuneration for any <b>goods or</b> <b>services</b> supplied to the Union on the instructions of the Trustees, provided that:		
		(a)	for the avoidance of doubt, the authorisation under this provision shall extend to the remuneration of Sabbatical OfficerTrustees, Student Trustees and persons Connected with a Trustee under contracts of employment with the Union;	
		(b)	the amount or maximum amount of the remuneration is set out in an agreement in writing between the Union and the relevant Trustee or person Connected with a Trustee providing the goods or services (which for the avoidance of doubt may be a contract of employment);	
		(c)	before entering into the agreement described at Article 3.3.3(b) the Trustees must be satisfied that it would be in the best interests of the Union for the goods or services to be provided by the relevant Trustee or the person Connected with a Trustee for the amount or maximum amount set out in that agreement;	
		(d)	subject to Article 3.3.3(a), the authorisation under this provision shall not extend to the service of acting as Trustee;	
		(e)	if the person being remunerated is a Trustee the procedure described in Article 19 (Conflicts) must be followed in considering the appointment of the Trustee and in relation to any other decisions regarding the remuneration authorised by this provision;	
		(f)	if the person being remunerated is a person Connected with a Trustee the procedure described in Article 19 must be followed by the relevant Trustee in relation to any decisions regarding such person; and	
	1	(g)	subject to Article 3.5, this provision [and Article 3.4.3] may not apply to more than half of the Trustees in any Academic Year (and for these purposes such provision shall be treated as applying to a Trustee if it applies to a person who is Connected with that Trustee).	
<u> </u>	3.3.4		ee or a person who is Connected with a Trustee may receive <b>interest</b> at onable and proper rate on money lent to the Union;	
	3.3.5		ee or a person who is Connected with a Trustee may receive reasonable oper <b>rent</b> for premises let to the Union;	
	3.3.6	normal	tee or a person who is Connected with a Trustee may take part in the <b>trading and fundraising activities</b> of the Union on the same terms as ers of the public;	
	3.3.7		ion may pay reasonable and proper premiums in respect of <b>indemnity nce</b> effected in accordance with Article 2.25;	

3.3.8	a Trustee or person who is Connected with a Trustee may <b>receive goods and/or services</b> from the Union on reasonable and proper terms;	
3.3.9	[the Union may enter into financial arrangements with <i>the University of Oxford</i> notwithstanding any connection between that institution and the University Trustee]; and	
3.3.10	a Trustee or other officer of the Union may receive payment under an indemnity from the Union in accordance with the <b>indemnity</b> provisions set out at Article 5,	

provided that where benefits are conferred under Article 3, Article 19 (Conflicts) must be complied with by the relevant Trustee in relation to any decisions regarding the benefit.

# 3.4 Subsidiary Companies

A Trustee may receive the following benefits from any Subsidiary Company:

3.4.1	a Trustee or a person who is Connected with a Trustee may receive a benefit
	from any Subsidiary Company in their capacity as a beneficiary of the Union or
	of any Subsidiary Company;
3.4.2	a Trustee or a person who is Connected with a Trustee may be reimbursed by
	any Subsidiary Company for, or may pay out of any Subsidiary Company's
	property, reasonable expenses properly incurred by them when acting on
	behalf of any Subsidiary Company;
3.4.3	a Trustee or a person who is Connected with a Trustee may be paid reasonable
	and proper remuneration by any Subsidiary Company for any goods or services
	supplied to any Subsidiary Company, with the prior approval of the Trustees,
	(including services performed under a contract of employment with any
	Subsidiary Company or otherwise) provided that, subject to Article 3.5, this
	provision and Article 3.3.3 may not apply to more than half of the Trustees in any
	Academic Year (and for these purposes this provision shall be treated as
	applying to a Trustee if it applies to a person who is Connected with that Trustee);
3.4.4	a Trustee or a person who is Connected with a Trustee may, with the prior
	approval of the Trustees, receive interest at a reasonable and proper rate on
	money lent to any Subsidiary Company;
3.4.5	a Trustee or a person who is Connected with a Trustee may take part in the
	normal trading and fundraising activities of the Union or that Subsidiary
	Company on the same terms as members of the public;
3.4.6	a Trustee or person who is Connected with a Trustee may receive goods and/or
	services from a Subsidiary Company on reasonable and proper terms;
3.4.7	a Trustee or a person who is Connected with a Trustee may, with the prior
	approval of the Trustees, receive reasonable and proper rent for premises let to
	any Subsidiary Company;

3.4.8	any Subsidiary Company may pay reasonable and proper premiums in respect of <b>indemnity insurance</b> for its directors and officers;
3.4.9	a Trustee or a person who is Connected with a Trustee may receive payment under an indemnity from any Subsidiary Company in accordance with the constitution of the relevant Subsidiary Company;
provided that the affected Trustee may not take part in any decision of the Trustees to approve a benefit under Articles 3.4.3, 3.4.4 or 3.4.7.	

3.5 Where a vacancy arises on the Board of Trustees with the result that Article[s] 3.3.3 [and 3.4.3] [apply/applies] to more than half of the Trustees, the Union may continue to pay remuneration to its Sabbatical Officer[ Trustee]s and Student Trustees and any person who is Connected with a Trustee who is receiving remuneration in accordance with Article[s] 3.3.3 [or 3.4.3] provided that the Union uses all reasonable endeavours to fill the vacancy as soon as possible.

# LIMITATION OF LIABILITY AND INDEMNITY

#### 4. Liability of Company Law Members

The liability of Company Law Members is limited. Each Company Law Member agrees, if the Union is wound up while they are a Company Law Member (or within one year after they cease to be a Company Law Member), to pay up to £1 towards:

- 4.1 payment of the Union's debts and liabilities contracted before they ceased to be a Company Law Member;
- 4.2 payment of the costs, charges and expenses of winding up; and
- 4.3 adjustment of the rights of the contributors among themselves.

# 5. Indemnity

Without prejudice to any indemnity to which a Trustee or other officer may otherwise be entitled:

- 5.1 every Trustee and every former Trustee of the Union shall be indemnified out of the assets of the Union in relation to any liability incurred by them in that capacity but only to the extent permitted by the Companies Acts; and
- 5.2 every other officer of the Union may be indemnified out of the assets of the Union in relation to any liability incurred by them in that capacity, but only to the extent permitted by the Companies Acts.

# WINDING UP

# 6. Winding up

- 6.1 At any time before, and in expectation of, the winding up or dissolution of the Union, the Trustees may resolve that any net assets of the Union after all its debts and liabilities have been paid, or provision made for them, shall on the winding up or dissolution of the Union be applied or transferred in any of the following ways:
- 6.1.1 directly for the objects of the Union; or
- 6.1.2 to any charity or charities:
  - (a) for purposes similar to the objects of the Union; or
  - (b) for use for particular purposes that fall within the objects of the Union.
- 6.2 In no circumstances shall the net assets of the Union be paid to or distributed among the Company Law Members under this Article 6.
- 6.3 If no resolution is passed in accordance with Article 6.1 the net assets of the Union shall be applied for such charitable purposes as are directed by the Charity Commission.

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# PART II – Membership and Democracy

# 7. Student Voice

- 7.1 There is a process known as "Student Voice" by which Student Members of the Union express democratic views by:
- 7.1.1 Voting on matters of Policy; and
- 7.1.2 Engaging in elections of Sabbatical Officers and other roles in accordance with these Articles and Bye-laws.
- 7.2 Student Voice procedures under this Article 7 may include conferences, referendums and other events (including virtual or online events) and shall be conducted in accordance with a timetable and process set out in the Bye-laws. The arrangements shall satisfy the requirements of the Education Act 1994.
- 7.3 The Trustees have legal duties as company directors and Charity Trustees, which include ensuring that Oxford SU's funds are used prudently for purposes within the Objects. If a decision is made, or advice given by Student Members which the Board reasonably considers incompatible with these duties, it may be unable to implement or endorse the decision or advice, and at its discretion the Board may decline to do so.
- 7.4 For the purposes of these Articles, the Student Members of the Union are all Students who have not ceased to be Student Members under Article 7.4, and the Sabbatical Officers.
- 7.5 A person ceases to be a Student Member of the Union if they:
- 7.5.1 Notify University of Oxford or the Union of their wish to opt out of Student Membership (with effect from any date specified in that notice);
- 7.5.2 Cease to be either a Student or Sabbatical Officer (as applicable); or
- 7.5.3 Other than the Sabbatical Officers, are removed from Student Membership in accordance with a policy approved by the Trustees.
- 7.6 The Trustees will establish and monitor a code of conduct and disciplinary procedure that all Student Members shall be required to adhere to, including when Student Members are involved in activities or at events that are administered or organised by the Union.
- 7.7 The code of conduct or the disciplinary procedure for Student Members may include a range of sanctions for breach of the code of conduct by a Student Member, including the suspension or removal of some of the rights and privileges of Student Membership, including the holding of office.
- 7.8 The Trustees alone and the Student Members with the approval of the Trustee Board shall have the power from time to time to make, repeal or amend Bye-Laws provided that such Bye-Laws shall not be inconsistent with these Articles. In the event of any inconsistency, the provisions of these Articles shall prevail.

# 8. Company Law Members

- 8.1 The Company Law Members of the Union shall be:
- 8.1.1 the Trustees from time to time, and;
- 8.1.2 the University
- 8.2 The University has the following rights in its capacity as a Company Law Member:
- 8.2.1 to appoint an authorised representative to represent it at general meetings, and to replace its authorised representative by giving written notice to Oxford SU,
- 8.2.2 to attend and speak at general meetings through its authorised representative but not vote (except in relation to its right under Article 8.2.4), but should a conflict of interest arise between the interests of the University and Oxford SU the chair of the meeting is, at the chair's discretion, entitled to ask the authorised representative to leave the meeting, except in relation to the University Member's right under Article 8.2.4,
- 8.2.3 to receive notice of all general meetings and a copy of any written resolution proposed under Article 32 (but not to vote on any written resolution except in relation to its right under Article 8.2.4, and
- 8.2.4 to vote on any resolution to amend any provision contained in the Articles in accordance with Article 22 (but not on any other matter).
- 8.3 The Company Law Members shall be entered in the register of members.
- 8.4 The Company Law Members may pass ordinary or special resolutions in a general meeting or by written resolution in accordance with Schedule 1.
- 8.5 Company Law Membership shall not be transferable and shall cease on death. A Company Law Member shall cease to be a Company Law Member when they cease to be a Trustee.
- 8.6 The Trustees may establish one or more categories of associate membership. Associate members are not Company Law Members of the Union for the purposes of the Articles or the Companies Acts but may have such rights and obligations (and may be liable for any such subscriptions) as the Trustees decide from time to time. The Trustees may admit and remove any associate members in accordance with any rules that they make.

# **PART III – Trustees and Sabbatical Officers**

# **ROLE OF THE OFFICERS**

# SABBATICAL OFFICERS

- 8.7 In an Academic Year (and subject to any vacancies) the Union has 4 Sabbatical Officers.
- 8.8 In a particular Academic Year, the Sabbatical Officers are those who:
- 8.8.1 Have met the Eligibility Criteria, and been elected in a Cross-Campus Ballot (a "**Sabbatical Officer Elect**"); and
- 8.8.2 Are serving as both a Trustee and an employee of the Union in accordance with this Article.
- 8.9 Ceasing to hold office
- 8.10 Sabbatical Officer Trustees cease to hold office in accordance with Article 21.2.3.
- 8.11 Sabbatical Officers who are not Trustees cease to hold office if:
- 8.11.1 They are removed by a Vote of No Confidence;
- 8.11.2 They resign in writing, with such notice to take effect in accordance with its terms; or
- 8.11.3 They cease to be employed by the Union.
- 8.12 For the purposes of the Education Act 1994, the Sabbatical Officers (but not the other Trustees) are Major Union Office Holders.
- 8.13 Subject to these Articles, the Trustees will offer a Sabbatical Officer Elect employment on terms that they consider appropriate, which will cover the relevant Academic Year, and which may include such handover period thought appropriate (noting that they will not be a Sabbatical Officer outside of the Academic Year subject to any transitional provisions under Article 21.2).

#### Interim appointments

- 8.14 The Trustees may (in consultation with Student Voice in such manner as they deem appropriate) make such lawful arrangements as they consider appropriate to deal with vacancies arising among the Sabbatical Officers, including:
- 8.14.1 Undertaking an appropriate process to find a replacement (as an employee or Trustee ) to fill the position for the remainder of the Academic Year (noting the requirement in the Education Act 1994 for all Major Union Office Holders to be elected by Cross-Campus Ballot); or
- 8.14.2 Making no appointment (but making other appropriate arrangements such as increasing the mandates of the other Sabbatical Officers).

## 9. Part-Time Officers

The Union may appoint and remove additional individuals as Part-Time Officers, in accordance with the Bye-Laws.

# THE ROLE OF THE TRUSTEES

#### 10. Management of the Union's business

Unless the Articles provide otherwise, the Trustees are responsible for managing the Union's business, including (without limitation) the Union's governance, budget and strategy, and any steps to be taken to implement Policy. When managing the Union's business, they may exercise all the powers of the Union, and in doing so will have regard to their duties as charity trustees and the objects of the Union.

#### 11. Ability to delegate

- 11.1 Unless the Articles provide otherwise, the Trustees may delegate:
- 11.1.1 any of their powers or functions to any committee; and
- 11.1.2 the implementation of their decisions, or the day-to-day management of the Union's affairs, to any person or committee.
- 11.2 The Trustees may delegate by such means; to such an extent; in relation to such matters or territories; and on such terms and conditions as they think appropriate. They may allow those to whom a responsibility has been delegated to delegate further; and may change or terminate the delegation arrangements at any time.

#### Delegating to a committee

- 11.3 When delegating to a committee, the Trustees must confirm:
- 11.3.1 the composition of that committee (although they may permit the committee to co-opt its own additional members, up to a specified number);
- 11.3.2 how the committee will report regularly to the Trustees; and
- 11.3.3 any other rules relating to the functioning of the committee.
- 11.4 No committee shall knowingly incur expenditure or liability on behalf of the Union except where authorised by the Trustees or in accordance with a budget which has been approved by the Trustees.

# Delegating investment management

- 11.5 The Trustees may delegate the management of investments to a Financial Expert or Financial Experts provided that:
- 11.5.1 the investment policy is set down in writing for the Financial Expert or Financial Experts by the Trustees;
- 11.5.2 timely reports of all transactions are provided to the Trustees;
- 11.5.3 the performance of the investments is reviewed regularly with the Trustees;
- 11.5.4 the Trustees are entitled to cancel the delegation arrangement at any time;

- 11.5.5 the investment policy and the delegation arrangements are reviewed regularly;
- 11.5.6 all payments due to the Financial Expert or Financial Experts are on a scale or at a level which is agreed in advance; and
- 11.5.7 the Financial Expert or Financial Experts must not do anything outside the powers of the Trustees.

## Appointing agents

11.6 The Trustees may (by power of attorney or otherwise) appoint any person to be the agent of the Union for such purposes and on such conditions as they decide.

# 12. Chair

- 12.1 A Sabbatical Trustee shall be the Chair of the Trustees.
- 12.2 The Trustees must appoint an External Trustee to be Deputy Chair of the Trustees and may at any time remove them from that office. The role of the Deputy Chair will be to support the Chair.
- 12.3 The Chair or, in their absence, the Deputy Chair shall preside as Chair of the Meeting. In the absence of the Chair and the Deputy Chair, another Trustee appointed by the Trustees present shall preside as Chair of the Meeting.

#### 13. **Rules**

The Trustees may from time to time make, repeal or alter such rules as they think fit as to the management of the Union and its affairs, including (without limitation) the conduct of meetings (including any arrangements for Remote Attendance); codes of conduct and the duties of officers and employees of the Union. No rule shall be inconsistent with the Companies Acts, the Education Act 1994, the Articles or Bye-laws or any rule of law.

# HOW TRUSTEES MAKE DECISIONS

#### 14. The Trustees must take decisions collectively

Any decision of the Trustees must be either:

- 14.1 a decision of a majority of the Trustees present and voting at a quorate Trustees' meeting (subject to the casting vote described in Article 17.5); or
- 14.2 a decision without a meeting taken in accordance with Article 18.

# 15. Calling a Trustees' meeting

- 15.1 The Chair or any two Trustees may call a Trustees' meeting or instruct the Secretary (if any) to do so.
- 15.2 A Trustees' meeting must be called by at least four Clear Days' notice unless all the Trustees agree otherwise, or urgent circumstances require shorter notice. The person scheduling the meeting must try to ensure, subject to the urgency of any matter to be discussed at the meeting, that as many Trustees as practicable are likely to be available to participate.

- 15.3 Notice of Trustees' meetings must be given to each Trustee by such means as the Trustees decide. Such notice does not need to be in writing, but must specify:
- 15.3.1 the day and time of the meeting;
- 15.3.2 the place where all the Trustees may physically attend the meeting (if there is to be such a place);
- 15.3.3 the general nature of the business to be considered at the meeting; and
- 15.3.4 if it is anticipated that Trustees participating in the meeting will not be in the same physical place, how it is proposed that they should communicate with each other during the meeting.

# 16. **Procedure for Trustees' meetings**

#### Quorum

- 16.1 The Trustees cannot conduct any business at a Trustees' meeting unless a quorum is participating. However, if the total number of Trustees for the time being is less than the quorum required, the Trustees may still act to appoint further Trustees, or call a general meeting to enable the members to do so.
- 16.2 The Trustees may decide the quorum from time to time, but it must never be less than:
- 16.2.1 Five including at least two Sabbatical Officer Trustees; or
- 16.2.2 Where one or more Sabbatical Officer Trustees has a conflict of interest which means they could not vote on the matter under discussion, four.

## Virtual / hybrid meetings are acceptable

16.3 Meetings do not need to take place in one physical place. Trustees participate in (and form part of the quorum in relation to) a Trustees' meeting, or part of a Trustees' meeting, when they can contemporaneously communicate with each other by any means. If all the Trustees participating in a meeting are not in the same place, they may decide that the meeting is to be treated as taking place wherever any of them is.

#### Chair and casting vote

- 16.4 The Chair, if any, or in their absence another Trustee nominated by the Trustees present, shall preside as chair of each Trustees' meeting.
- 16.5 If the numbers of votes for and against a proposal at a Trustees' meeting are equal, and the chair of the meeting is eligible to vote at the meeting, they will have a casting vote in addition to any other vote they may have.

# 17. Decisions without a meeting

- 17.1 A decision is taken in accordance with this Article 18 when the majority of the Trustees indicate by any means that they share a common view on a matter.
- 17.2 A decision which is made in accordance with this Article 18 shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting duly convened and held, provided:

- 17.2.1 the Chair or Deputy Chair or any other person who volunteers if necessary (the "Facilitator") puts the proposed decision to the Trustees and has taken reasonable steps to notify all Trustees of the proposed decision; and
- 17.2.2 a majority of the Trustees have indicated to the Facilitator that they approve the proposed decision.
- 17.3 Following receipt of responses from a majority of the Trustees, the Facilitator must communicate to all of the Trustees (by any means) whether the decision has been formally approved by the Trustees in accordance with Article 18.1.

# 18. Conflicts

#### **Declaration of interests**

- 18.1 A Trustee must declare the nature and extent of:
- 18.1.1 any direct or indirect interest which they have in a proposed transaction or arrangement with the Union; and
- 18.1.2 any duty, or any direct or indirect interest, which they have which conflicts or may conflict with the interests of the Union or their duties to the Union.

# Involvement in decision-making

- 18.2 A Trustee's entitlement to participate in decision-making in relation to a matter depends on whether:
- 18.2.1 their situation could reasonably be regarded as likely to give rise to a conflict of interest or duties in respect of the Union (a **"Potential Conflict Situation**"); or
- 18.2.2 this is not the case (a "**No Conflict Situation**").

Any uncertainty about whether a situation is a Potential Conflict Situation or a No Conflict Situation in relation to a matter shall be decided by a majority decision of the other Trustees taking part in the relevant decision.

- 18.3 A Trustee in a No Conflict Situation can participate in the decision-making process, be counted in the quorum and vote in relation to the relevant matter.
- 18.4 A Trustee in a Potential Conflict Situation can participate in the decision-making process, be counted in the quorum and vote in relation to the relevant matter, unless:
- 18.4.1 a majority of the other Trustees taking part in the relevant decision decide otherwise; or
- 18.4.2 subject to Article 19.4.3, the decision could result in the Trustee or any person who is Connected with them receiving a benefit;

in which case Article 19.5 applies to the decision.

- 18.4.3 the following benefits are not counted for the purposes of Article19.4.2:
  - (a) any benefit received by any person in their capacity as a beneficiary of the Union (see Article 3.4.1) which is available generally to the beneficiaries of the Union;
  - (b) a benefit received under Article 3.4.6 or 3.4.8;
  - (c) the payment of premiums in respect of indemnity insurance (see Article 3.4.7);
  - (d) payment under the indemnity in Article 5;
  - (e) approval of trustee expenses policies or reimbursement of expenses (see Article 3.4.2); or
  - (f) any benefit authorised by the court or the Charity Commission under Article 3.3, so long as any conditions accompanying that authorisation are complied with.
- 18.5 If this Article 19.5 applies, the relevant Trustee must:
- 18.5.1 take part in the relevant decision-making process only to such extent as in the view of the other Trustees is necessary to inform the debate;
- 18.5.2 not be counted in the quorum for that part of the process; and
- 18.5.3 withdraw during the vote (if applicable) and have no vote on the matter.

# Continuing duties to the Union

- 18.6 Where a Trustee or person Connected with them has a conflict of interest or conflict of duties and the Trustee has complied with their obligations under these Articles in respect of that conflict:
- 18.6.1 the Trustee shall not be in breach of their duties to the Union by withholding confidential information from the Union if to disclose it would result in a breach of any other duty or obligation of confidence owed by them; and
- 18.6.2 the Trustee shall not be accountable to the Union for any benefit expressly permitted under these Articles which they or any person Connected with them derives from any matter or from any office, employment or position.

#### 19. Validity of Trustee actions

All acts done by a person acting as a Trustee shall be valid, notwithstanding that it is afterwards discovered that there was a defect in their appointment, or that they were disqualified from holding office or had vacated office, or that they were not entitled to vote on the matter in question.

#### APPOINTMENT AND REMOVAL OF TRUSTEES

## 20. Trustees

20.1 The board of Trustees shall be made up of the following, up to a maximum of 12 Trustees at any one time:

- 20.1.1 The Sabbatical Officer Trustees;
- 20.1.2 A maximum of 6 Student Trustees, elected or appointed in accordance with Article 21.3; and
- 20.1.3 A minimum of 4 and a maximum of 6 External Trustees, appointed in accordance with Article 21.4.
- 20.1.4 The board of Trustees should, where practicable, seek to maintain a majority of Student and Sabbatical Trustees

## **Sabbatical Officers and Trusteeship**

- 20.1.5 Subject to these Articles and any transitional provision determined by the Trustees, a Sabbatical Officer Elect:
  - (a) Becomes a Trustee on the first day of the Academic Year in respect of which they were elected; and
  - (b) Ceases to be a Trustee immediately before the start of the first day of the following Academic Year.

# Suspension and removal of Sabbatical Officer Trustees

- 20.1.6 If a Sabbatical Officer Trustee is suspended from their employment, they automatically cease to be a Trustee with effect from the effective date of their suspension but are automatically reappointed when the employment suspension is lifted, for the remainder of the original term of office.
- 20.1.7 An individual ceases to be a Sabbatical Officer Trustee if they cease to be an employee of the Union, or are removed by a Vote of No Confidence; or cease to be a Trustee in accordance with Article 22.

# 20.2 Student Trustees

- 20.2.1 When vacancies arise (or are to arise) among the Student Trustees, the Trustees will specify:
  - (a) The number of vacancies; and
  - (b) The start date and term of office subject to the Articles (which would typically be a term of approximately two years broadly coinciding with Academic Years).
- 20.2.2 Vacancies shall be filled from Eligible Candidates in accordance with a procedure established in Student Voice.
- 20.2.3 A Student Trustee must be a Student Member for the duration of their tenure (and shall cease to be a Student Trustee if they cease to be a Student Member). They may serve a maximum of two terms of office as a Student Trustee.
- 20.2.4 A Student Trustee ceases to be a Trustee if they are removed by a Vote of No Confidence, or cease to be a Trustee in accordance with Article 22.

#### 20.3 External Trustees

- 20.3.1 External Trustees may be appointed by the Trustees from time to time.
- 20.3.2 External Trustees will serve terms of up to four years in accordance with the Bye-Laws, and may serve for up to two terms as an External Trustee.

#### 21. Disqualification and removal of Trustees - general

In addition to Articles 21.2 and 21.3, a Trustee ceases to hold office if:

- 21.1 they cease to be a director, or become prohibited from being a director or charity trustee, by law;
- 21.2 the Trustees reasonably believe that the Trustee has become physically or mentally incapable of managing their own affairs and they resolve to remove the Trustee from office;
- 21.3 they notify the Union in writing that they are resigning from office, and any period of time specified in such notice has passed (but only if at least a quorum of Trustees will remain in office when such resignation has taken effect);
- 21.4 they fail to attend three consecutive meetings of the Trustees and the Trustees resolve that they be removed for this reason;
- 21.5 at a meeting of the Trustees at which at least half of the Trustees are present, a resolution is passed that the Trustee is removed from office. Such a resolution shall not be passed unless the Trustee has been given at least 14 Clear Days' notice that the resolution is to be proposed, specifying the circumstances underlying the proposal, and has been afforded a reasonable opportunity of either (at their option) being heard by or making written representations to the Trustees.

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# PART IV – Administrative arrangements and miscellaneous

### 22. Reviewing and amending the Articles of Association

- 22.1 The University of Oxford shall be required to review the provisions of these Articles at intervals of not more than five years.
- 22.2 The approval of the University of Oxford shall be required for any amendments to the Articles.

# 23. **Communications by the Union**

#### General rule

23.1 The Union may send or supply any documents, notices, information or other material to Company Law Members, Student Members or Trustees in the manner indicated in the first column below. They will be deemed received at the time specified in the second column below. This Article is subject to Article 24.2.

Meth	od	Deemed delivery
(a)	By hand	The day it was delivered.
(b)	By post, in a prepaid envelope addressed to the recipient;	48 hours after posting, excluding any part of a day that is a Saturday, Sunday or Public Holiday.
(c)	By electronic means;	The day it was sent.
(d)	By making it available on a website; or	The day it was made available or (if later) the day the recipient was notified (or is deemed notified) that it was so available.
(e)	By other means authorised by the Articles and the Companies Acts.	In accordance with any provisions in the relevant article or the Companies Acts.

# Exceptions

- 23.2 The following exceptions apply:
- 23.2.1 where the Companies Act 2006 requires it, the requirements in that Act for the Union to gain a person's consent (or deemed consent) must be complied with before method (c), (d) or (as applicable) (e) is used (or before relevant material is sent in electronic form by other means);
- 23.2.2 a Trustee may agree with the Union that notices or documents concerning Trustee decisionmaking can be sent to them in a particular way (whether or not listed above); and that they may be deemed delivered sooner than would otherwise be the case under this Article;
- 23.2.3 a Company Law Member present in person or by proxy at a meeting of the Union shall be deemed to have received notice of the meeting and the purposes for which it was called;
- 23.2.4 a Company Law Member who does not register a postal address within the United Kingdom with the Union shall not be entitled to receive any notice from the Union by methods (a) or (b)

but shall be entitled to receive any notice by methods (c), (d) or (e) (subject to Article 24.2.1 above) (and the Union may provide such a member with any notice by methods (a) or (b), in its discretion and subject to these Articles and the Companies Acts); and

- 23.2.5 where any document or material has been sent or supplied by the Union by electronic means and the Union receives notice that the message is undeliverable:
  - (a) if the material has been sent to a Company Law Member (in their capacity as such) or Trustee and is notice of a general meeting of the Union, the Union is under no obligation to send a hard copy of the material to their postal address as shown in the Union's register of members or Trustees, but may in its discretion choose to do so;
  - (b) in all other cases, the Union shall where considered appropriate (including in respect of Student Members) or where the communication falls within the scope of the Companies Act 2006 (including in respect of Company Law Members), shall send a hard copy of the material to the individual's postal address (within the United Kingdom) as shown in the Union's register of members (if any), or in the case of a recipient who is not a Company Law Member, to the last known postal address for that person within the United Kingdom (if any); and
  - (c) the date of service or delivery of the material shall be the date on which the original electronic communication was sent, notwithstanding the subsequent sending of hard copies.

# 24. Secretary

A Secretary may be appointed by the Trustees on such terms as they see fit and may be removed by them. If there is no Secretary, the Trustees may make appropriate alternative arrangements.

# 25. Irregularities

The proceedings at any meeting or on the taking of any poll or the passing of a written resolution or the making of any decision shall not be invalidated by reason of any accidental informality or irregularity (including any accidental omission to give or any non-receipt of notice) or any want of qualification in any of the persons present or voting or by reason of any business being considered which is not specified in the notice.

# 26. Minutes

26.1 The Trustees must ensure minutes are made:

of all appointments of officers made by the Trustees;

- 26.2 of all resolutions of the Union and of the Trustees (including, without limitation, decisions of the Trustees made without a meeting); and
- 26.3 of all proceedings at meetings of the Union and of the Trustees, and of committees of Trustees, including the names of the Trustees present at each such meeting;
- 26.4 and any such minute, if purported to be signed (or in the case of minutes of Trustees' meetings signed or authenticated) by the chair of the meeting at which the proceedings were had, or

by the chair of the next succeeding meeting, shall, as against any Company Law Member or Trustee of the Union, be sufficient evidence of the proceedings.

# 27. **Records and accounts**

- 27.1 The Trustees shall comply with the requirements of the Companies Acts and of the Charities Act 2011 as to maintaining a members' register, keeping financial records, the audit or examination of accounts and the preparation and transmission to the Registrar of Companies and the Union Commission of:
- 27.1.1 annual reports;
- 27.1.2 annual statements of account; and
- 27.1.3 annual returns or confirmation statements.
- 27.2 Except as provided by law or authorised by the Trustees or an ordinary resolution of the Union, no person is entitled to inspect any of the Union's accounting or other records or documents merely by virtue of being a Company Law Member.

# 28. Bye-Laws

- 28.1 The Trustees shall (in consultation with Student Voice in such manner as the Trustees deem appropriate) have the power from time to time to make, repeal or amend Bye-Laws as to the management of the Union and its working practices.
- 28.2 The Bye-Laws cannot be inconsistent with these Articles and Schedules (and insofar as they purport to do so, are void).
- 28.3 Insofar as:
  - (a) The Articles and Schedules stipulate that the Bye-Laws will make provision for a matter, and the Bye-Laws in place do not make such provision; or
  - (b) The Bye-Laws make provision which is inconsistent with the Articles;

the Trustees may regulate the matter as they consider appropriate consistent with the Companies Acts, Education Act 1994 and Articles on a transitional basis until the Bye-Laws are remedied.

# 29. Interpretation

These Articles should be read and interpreted in accordance with Schedule 2.

#### 30. Exclusion of model articles

The relevant model articles for a company limited by guarantee are expressly excluded.

# Schedule 1 – PROVISIONS FOR COMPANY LAW MEETINGS (KNOWN AS "GENERAL MEETINGS")

# 31. General meetings

- 31.1 The Trustees may call a general meeting at any time.
- 31.2 The quorum for general meetings is the same as the quorum for Trustee meetings at the Union from time to time.
- 31.3 The Trustees may make such lawful arrangements as they see fit in respect of physical attendance and/or Remote Attendance at a general meeting. The entitlement of any person to attend and participate in a general meeting shall be subject to such arrangements.
- 31.4 When the Trustees have made arrangements to facilitate Remote Attendance, the provisions of the Articles shall be treated as modified to permit such arrangements and in particular a person attending a general meeting by Remote Attendance shall be treated as being present and/or present in person at the meeting for the purposes of the Articles, including without limitation the provisions of the Articles relating to the quorum for the meeting.
- 31.5 Subject to the Articles, general meetings must be called and held in accordance with the provisions regarding such meetings in the Companies Acts.

# 32. Written resolutions

#### General

- 32.1 Subject to this paragraph 2 a written resolution agreed by:
- 32.1.1 Company Law Members representing a simple majority; or
- 32.1.2 (in the case of a special resolution) members representing not less than 75%;

of the total voting rights of eligible Company Law Members shall be effective.

- 32.2 On a written resolution each Company Law Member shall have one vote.
- 32.3 A written resolution must state that it was proposed as a special resolution in order to be a special resolution under the Companies Acts.
- 32.4 A resolution of the Company Law Members under the Companies Acts removing a Trustee or auditor before the expiry of their term of office may not be passed as a written resolution.

#### Circulation

32.5 A copy of the proposed written resolution must be sent to every eligible Company Law Member together with a statement informing the member how to signify their agreement and the date by which the resolution must be passed if it is not to lapse.

- 32.6 In relation to a resolution proposed as a written resolution of the Union the eligible Company Law Members are the Company Law Members who would have been entitled to vote on the resolution on the Circulation Date of the resolution.
- 32.7 The required majority of eligible Company Law Members must signify their agreement to the written resolution within the period of 28 days beginning with the Circulation Date.
- 32.8 Communications in relation to written resolutions must be sent to the Union's auditors in accordance with the Companies Acts.

# Signifying agreement

- 32.9 A Company Law Member signifies their agreement to a proposed written resolution when the Union receives from them (or from someone acting on their behalf) an authenticated document:
- 32.9.1 identifying the resolution to which it relates; and
- 32.9.2 indicating the member's agreement to the resolution.
- 32.10 For the purposes of paragraph 2.9:
- 32.10.1 a document sent or supplied in hard copy form is sufficiently authenticated if it is signed by the person sending or supplying it; and
- 32.10.2 a document sent or supplied in electronic form is sufficiently authenticated if:
  - (a) the identity of the sender is confirmed in a manner specified by the Union; or
  - (b) where no such manner has been specified by the Union, if the communication contains or is accompanied by a statement of the identity of the sender and the Union has no reason to doubt the truth of that statement.
- 32.10.3 If the Union gives an electronic address in any document containing or accompanying a written resolution, it will be deemed to have agreed that any document or information relating to that resolution may be sent by electronic means to that address (subject to any conditions or limitations specified in the document).

# Schedule 2 - INTERPRETATION – DEFINED TERMS

1. In the Articles, unless the context requires otherwise, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

Term		Meaning
1.1	"Academic Year"	the period of twelve months commencing on a day determined by the Union, to broadly correspond with the start of the academic year at [name of institution].
1.2	"Address"	includes a postal or physical address and a number or address used for the purposes of sending or receiving documents or information by electronic means;
1.3	"Articles"	the Union's articles of association;
1.4	"Chair"	has the meaning given in Article 13;
1.5	"Circulation Date"	in relation to a written resolution, has the meaning given to it in the Companies Acts;
1.6	"Clear Days"	in relation to the period of a notice, that period excluding the day when the notice is given or deemed to be given and the day for which it is given or on which it is to take effect;
1.7	"Companies Acts"	the Companies Acts (as defined in Section 2 of the Companies Act 2006), in so far as they apply to the Union;
1.8	"Company Law Member"	means a member of the Union for the purposes of the Companies Acts;
1.9	"Cross-Campus Ballot"	means a secret ballot in which all Student Members are entitled to vote in accordance with the requirements of the Education Act 1994;
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#### 1.10 "Connected"

means in respect of a Trustee:

(a) the Trustee's parent, child, sibling, grandparent or grandchild;

(b) the spouse or civil partner of the Trustee or another person described in paragraph (a);

(c) a person carrying on business in partnership with the Trustee, or a person described in paragraph (a) or (b);

(d) an institution controlled by the Trustee and/or one or more person(s) described in paragraph (a), (b) or (c); or

(e) a body corporate in which the Trustee and/or one or more person(s) described in paragraph (a), (b) or(c) have a substantial interest.

Sections 350 - 352 of the Charities Act 2011 apply for the purposes of interpreting the terms used in this definition;

have the meanings respectively given to them in Section 1168 of the Companies Act 2006;

Means:

(a) Not being disqualified from being a director or charity trustee;

(b) Being at least [18] years old;

(c) In the case of Sabbatical Officer elections, being a Student Member or Sabbatical Officer at the time of election, and in the case of Student Trustees, being a Student Member at the time of [election or appointment]; and

(d) Other criteria established in the Bye-laws.

has the meaning given in Article 18.2;

an individual, company or firm who, or which, is authorised to give investment advice under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000;

have the meanings respectively given to them in the Companies Act 2006;

1.11 "electronic form" and "electronic means"

1.12 "Eligibility Criteria"

"Facilitator"

1.14 "Financial Expert"

1.15 "hard copy" and "hard

1.13

copy form"

1.16	"Policy"	a corporate conclusion or view of the Student Members of the Union;
1.17	"Proxy Notice"	has the meaning given in paragraph <b>Error! Reference source not found.</b> of Schedule 1;
1.18	"Public Holiday"	means Christmas Day, Good Friday and any day that is a bank holiday under the Banking and Financial Dealings Act 1971 in the part of the United Kingdom where the company is registered;
1.19	"Remote Attendance"	means remote attendance at a general meeting by such means as are approved by the Trustees in accordance with paragraph 1.3 of Schedule 1;
1.20	"Sabbatical Officer"	has the meaning given in Article 9;
1.21	"Sabbatical Officer Elect"	has the meaning given in Article 9.2.2;
1.22 Trust	["Sabbatical Officer tee"]	[has the meaning given in Article 9.1];
1.23	"Secretary"	the secretary of the Union (if any);
1.24	"Student"	any students at <i>the University of Oxford</i> as determined by <i>University of Oxford</i> taking into account the obligations in the Education Act 1994;
1.25	"Student Member"	has the meaning given in Article 7.3;
1.26	"Subsidiary Company"	any company in which the Union holds more than 50% of the shares, controls more than 50% of the voting rights attached to the shares or has the right to appoint a majority of the board of the company.
1.27	"Trustee"	a director of the Union, and includes any person occupying the position of director, by whatever name called;
1.28	"Union"	the charitable students' union governed by these Articles;
1.29	["Unincorporated SU"	means Oxford University Student Union, an unincorporated charity with charity registration number [x];] and
1.30	"Vote of No Confidence"	a vote in Student Voice that those voting have no confidence in the relevant person, subject to a process in accordance with the Byelaws including a right for the relevant person to make representations; and an appropriate notice period to the relevant person.

- 33. Unless the context requires, references to "writing" and "document" should be interpreted (without limitation) as allowing for the transmission of information in electronic form. A reference to a "document" includes summons, notice, order or other legal process.
- 34. Subject to paragraph 35 of this Schedule, any reference in the Articles to an enactment includes a reference to that enactment as re-enacted or amended from time to time and to any subordinate legislation made under it.
- 35. Unless the context otherwise requires, words or expressions contained in the Articles which are not defined in paragraph 1 above bear the same meaning as in the Companies Act 2006 as in force on the date when the Articles became binding on the Union.

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